

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

Claims 1-15 (canceled)

Claim 16 (new): A method for forming an active matrix circuit comprising:
doping a p-type impurity into a semiconductor layer by ion doping to form a p-type impurity region in said semiconductor layer;
activating said p-type impurity by annealing; and
forming an interlayer insulating film comprising silicon nitride over said semiconductor layer.

Claim 17 (new): A method according to claim 16 wherein said active matrix circuit is incorporated into a liquid-crystal display.

Claim 18 (new): A method according to claim 16 wherein said active matrix circuit is incorporated into an image sensor.

Claim 19 (new): A method according to claim 16 wherein said active matrix circuit is incorporated into a liquid-crystal electro-optical device.

Claim 20 (new): A method according to claim 16 wherein said semiconductor layer comprises an amorphous semiconductor island having a plane area of $1000 \mu\text{m}^2$ or less.

Claim 21 (new): A method according to claim 20 further comprising crystallizing said amorphous semiconductor island.

Claim 22 (new): A method for forming an active matrix circuit comprising:
doping a p-type impurity into a semiconductor layer by ion doping to form a p-type impurity region in said semiconductor layer;
activating said p-type impurity by annealing; and
forming an interlayer insulating film comprising a silicon nitride layer and a silicon oxide layer over said semiconductor layer.

Claim 23 (new): A method according to claim 22 wherein said active matrix circuit is incorporated into a liquid-crystal display.

Claim 24 (new): A method according to claim 22 wherein said active matrix circuit is incorporated into an image sensor.

Claim 25 (new): A method according to claim 22 wherein said active matrix circuit is incorporated into a liquid-crystal electro-optical device.

Claim 26 (new): A method according to claim 22 wherein said semiconductor layer comprises an amorphous semiconductor island having a plane area of $1000 \mu\text{m}^2$ or less.

Claim 27 (new): A method according to claim 26 further comprising crystallizing said amorphous semiconductor island.

Claim 28 (new): A method for forming an active matrix circuit comprising:
doping a p-type impurity into a semiconductor layer by ion doping to form a p-type impurity region in said semiconductor layer;

activating said p-type impurity by annealing;
forming an interlayer insulating film comprising silicon nitride over said semiconductor layer; and
forming a conductive layer comprising a titanium and an aluminum over said interlayer insulating film.

Claim 29 (new): A method according to claim 28 wherein said conductive layer comprises an electrode.

Claim 30 (new): A method according to claim 28 wherein said conductive layer comprises a wiring.

Claim 31 (new): A method according to claim 28 wherein said active matrix circuit is incorporated into a liquid-crystal display.

Claim 32 (new): A method according to claim 28 wherein said active matrix circuit is incorporated into an image sensor.

Claim 33 (new): A method according to claim 28 wherein said active matrix circuit is incorporated into a liquid-crystal electro-optical device.

Claim 34 (new): A method according to claim 28 wherein said semiconductor layer comprises an amorphous semiconductor island having a plane area of $1000 \mu\text{m}^2$ or less.

Claim 35 (new): A method according to claim 34 further comprising crystallizing said amorphous semiconductor island.

Claim 36 (new): A method according to claim 28 wherein said titanium and said aluminum are formed in a multi-layer film.

Claim 37 (new): A method for forming an active matrix circuit comprising:
doping a p-type impurity into a semiconductor layer by ion doping to form a p-type impurity region in said semiconductor layer;
activating said p-type impurity by annealing;
forming an interlayer insulating film comprising silicon nitride over said semiconductor layer; and
forming a conductive layer comprising a titanium and an aluminum over said interlayer insulating film.

Claim 38 (new): A method according to claim 37 wherein said conductive layer comprises an electrode.

Claim 39 (new): A method according to claim 37 wherein said conductive layer comprises a wiring.

Claim 40 (new): A method according to claim 37 wherein said active matrix circuit is incorporated into a liquid-crystal display.

Claim 41 (new): A method according to claim 37 wherein said active matrix circuit is incorporated into an image sensor.

Claim 42 (new): A method according to claim 37 wherein said active matrix circuit is incorporated into a liquid-crystal electro-optical device.

Claim 43 (new): A method according to claim 37 wherein said semiconductor layer comprises an amorphous semiconductor island having a plane area of $1000 \mu\text{m}^2$ or less.

Claim 44 (new): A method according to claim 43 further comprising crystallizing said amorphous semiconductor island.

Claim 45 (new): A method according to claim 37 wherein said titanium and said aluminum are formed in a multi-layer film.